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Who are the Users and What are their Expectations? – Humanity and Social Science Researchers' Personal Bibliographies and the Hungarian National Evidence of Academic Publications and Citations

Keeping record of the core bibliographic data of researchers' activities (reflected in publication output) and the core bibliographic data of the works that refer to the reception of the published works (citations and other references) is a growing demand even in the fields of humanities and social sciences worldwide. I would like to pay attention to the value of national bibliographies from the viewpoint of scholar registers or databases. I overview the national bibliography metadata, which in whole or in part overlap with the metadata of the *Database of Hungarian Scholarly Works (Magyar Tudományos Művek Tára*, abbreviated as MTMT) and identify data fields in MTMT which could not be found in the standard national bibliography record.

MTMT contains personal bibliographies of publications and received citations of researchers affiliated with research institutes, scientific programs or higher education institutes. The system was launched in 2009 by prestigious research organizations: the *Hungarian Accreditation Committee*, the *Hungarian Rectors Conference*, the *Hungarian Scientific Research Fund* and the *Hungarian Academy of Sciences (HAS)*. All these bodies have a keen interest in a correct, consistent, unified and authentic data service. The MTMT Committee on Bibliography is responsible for descriptive metadata improvements.

This national central database has the aim to meet the growing needs for up to date evidence in publications and citations. Personal bibliography lists, whole or selected records from MTMT system can be attached to CVs, applications, accreditations or project reports. MTMT does not undertake repository maintenance tasks; it only gives the opportunity to locate external links to access these documents in institutional repositories, at the publisher or shows pathways to other archives. It assumes a national metadata aggregator role as well.

Entries may be carried out both by authors, administrators and/or librarians. For processing data authors and metadata professionals both need authoritative sources with special emphasis on standard bibliographic data that could be accessed before the publication of an academic writing.

Publication and citation metadata can be imported in MTMT and updated from well-known subscribed online citation indexes. This feature is less important (even if somewhat) for humanities and social sciences as these fields are less covered by international, multidisciplinary abstracting&indexing services. Downloading quality national bibliography (library) metadata is not yet possible in MTMT, but improvements could be expected in the future through a large-scale IT development.

National bibliographic data thus have multiple values in fulfilling missions described above, among others: identification of publications, re-using bibliographic data (not the whole record). Standard identifiers, permanent URIs for bibliographic records, persistent identifiers of archived e-documents are essential for verification. (Open) National Bibliography Number may also suit verification purposes. Also there is a need for developing methods for verification the real scientific/scholarly nature of a publication.

Bibliographic levels in citation databases should be extended to the chapters/articles and to the works/chapters/articles that cited the source. In addition, especially in some disciplines of humanities (literature, philology, history), there is a need for precise evidence of inline references, distinguishing different types of references (reviews, references/citations, references as bibliographical remarks, general references), which may be used also as bibliometric indicators.

Keywords: Bibliographic database of citations, scholarly publications, researchers' bibliography, humanities, social sciences, Hungary

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